

PARA3002 TUTORIAL 1. Name 3 modes of transmission used by parasites. • vector-borne • faecal-oral • predator-prey • direct (venereal) • transplacental • vertical

2

transmammary

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2. How many times have you defecated in the last week?

Natural activity! (do it or die!)

- 1-4
- 5-8
- 9-12
- 13-16
- 17+

what is 'normal'?

3

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3. List 10 vernacular names for faeces?

Very much entrenched in human language

But can be a taboo/distasteful topic

 poo, shite, number twos, pat, stool, dung, droppings, turd, crap, brown mullet, etc....

4

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- 4. List 5 physical characteristics of faeces.
 - weight/volume (frequency)
 - appearance (form, consistency)

colour (green-brown-black)

contents (blood, corn, seeds,...)

odour (gaseous by-products)

cf. senses (sight, sound, smell, touch, taste)

Bristol Stool Chart

Type 1 Separate hard lumps, like nuts (hard to pass)

Type 2 Sausage-shaped but lumpy

Type 3 Like a sausage but with cracks on the surface

Like a sausage or snake, smooth and soft

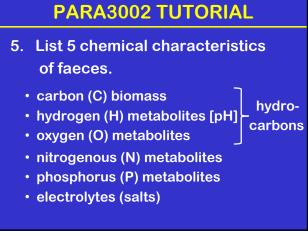
Type 5 Soft biobs with clear-cut edges

Type 6 Fluffy pieces with ragged edges, a mushy stool

Type 7 Watery, no solid pieces.

Entirely Liquid

5



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6. List five biological entities you may find in faeces?

• viruses
• bacteria
• fungi
• protozoa
• helminths

9 orders of magnitude

7 8

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7. Name three protozoan parasites transmitted by faeces?
• Entamoeba
• Giardia
• Balantidium
• Eimeria/Cryptosporidium
oocysts

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8. Name two nematode parasites transmitted by faeces?

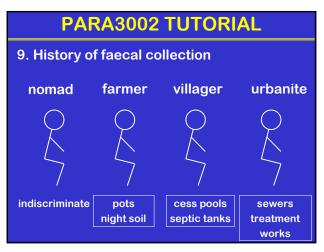
• Enterobius
• Trichuris
• Ascaris

• Strongyloides
• Ancylostoma/Necator

larvae

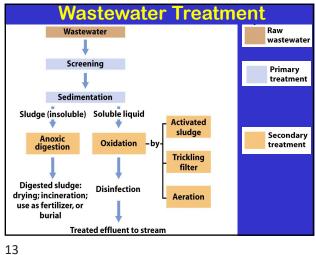
10

9

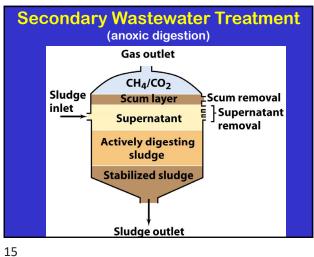


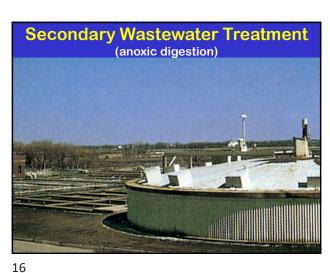
PARA3002 TUTORIAL 10. Sewage treatment anoxic filtration ollection screening digestion sedimentation activated blending sludge storage then water treatment sedimentation filtration chlorination flocculation

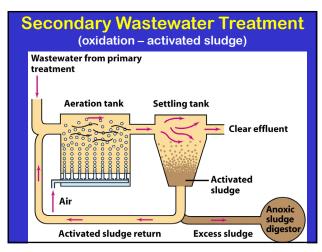
11 12













biological reactor destroys and removes most: • solids, organic matter • regulated chemicals • some micro-organisms • screening, settling and BNR (biological nutrient removal) which reduces nutrients (nitrogen, some phosphorus) • quality suitable for outdoor irrigation (e.g. golf courses)

DO
NOT
EAT
POO!